they regard this port to be the key to

Tremendous Artillery Blasts Crush Russians, Says Austrian Report

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN HEADQUAR TERS, June 22 .- Overwhelming supe riority of artillery again was chiefly responsible for Saturday's quick and cisive defeat of the Russian army in the new lines protecting Lemberg. An immense amount of heavy and middle caliber artillery was massed against the heights of Magierow, northwest o Lemberg, which is admirably adapted by nature for defense and fortified with a triple series of intrenchments considered the strongest part of the

At a given signal the artillery opened fire against the Russian positions. The effect of the bombardment was crushing. A shower of high explosive shells such as broke the Russian defense along the Dunajec in May and in the battles on the San at the beginning of June fell into the Russian trenches.

Shaken by Attack.

The Russian troops were shaken by the artillery attack, and when the Austro-German infantry was ordered to charge they were able to sweep through and over all three lines of de fense, not pausing until they reached fense, not pausing until they reached the other side of the ridges overlooking the valley through which runs the railroad and the highway from Lemberg to Zolikiew and Rawaruska.

Rawaruska is now captured, the railroad and highway are in Austro-German hands, and a wedge of the allied troops seems to cut straight through the Russian right wing, parts of which are retreating northward, while the rest are being driven in on the main Russian force around Lemberg.

Fall Is Expected Soon.

barely twelve miles away, is knocking at the gates from the north, knocking at the gates from the north, while Gen. von Boehm-Ermolli is north of the Grodek lakes. A further advance from the south would have been delayed by the rolling, wooded country between the Dniester and Lemberg and this blow would not have menaced the Russian lines of retreat so seriously. Field Marshal Conrad von Hoetzendorf, chief Marshal Conrad von Hoetzendorf, chief of staff decided for that reason to attack from the north, placing the utmost confidence in the effect of the artillery preparations upon the strong Russian fortification. His calculation did not go astray. The allies' victory caused the retirement of the Russians along the entire line through Grodek to the Dniester marshes and thence eastward along the Dniester.

Fierce Russian Attacks.

While decisive blows were being de livered on this battle front, the army in Bailin were forced to withstand a beries of extremely violent attacks from fresh Russian forces. These assaults were designed to relieve pressure on Lemberg by breaking through the Austro-Hungarian right flank.

It is believed here the Russians will not attempt to hold Lemberg, but merely to find the result of the result o

to fight rearguard actions in an atby to fight rearguard actions in an at-tempt to get away safely the remnants of their armies. They have available for retreat only the double-track rail-road running east from Lemberg through Krasne to the Russian fron-tier, and a single-track line from Lem-berg southeastward through Brzezany

teward Bessarabia.
The allies' troops Saturday were only two days' march from Krasne, an important railroad junction, the capture of which would spell disaster for the

ADDITIONAL FORGERIES LAID TO ROTHSCHILD

Three More Indictments Returned Against Washington Attorney.

Three additional indictments for a leged forgery were returned today by the grand jury against David Rothschild, member of the bar, who left Washington last September and was cently apprehended in Toledo, Ohio. One note alleged to have been forged is for \$7,500, another for \$1,650 and a third for \$950. The largest note is dated September 1

1914, and drawn at thirty days to the order of the wife of Rothschild, and signed David Rothschild. It is alleged that the accused forged the indorsement of his wife and of Mona Herman, a relative, and offered the note as genuine to Martin Roth.

Charge in Second Indictment.

The second indictment deals with a ote of \$1.650, dated December 22, 1912, payable in one year. It is alleged Bothschild forged the names of Enogh and Carrie R. Hutchinson as makers and passed the note as genuine to Fan-

nie B. Southard.
The alleged forgery of the name of Margaret Eichhorn to a note for \$950 is charged in the third indictment. It is claimed that this note, dated June 26, 1912, at two years, was sold to Belle

Rothschild is now in jail and will probably be called for arraignment next Saturday. Two other indictments for forgery are pending against him.

Other Indictments Returned.

Other indictments returned today are: Arthur Quigley, fornication; Felipe Guasp, forgery; William Minor, housebreaking; Charles Garner, carnal knowledge and rape; John A. Williams and William Rhone, breaking seal of railroad william Knone, breaking seal of railroad car; Maggie Thomas, abandonment; Frank A Chase, alias Dane E. Morris, forgery; Edward Allen, robbery; George B. Cobb, having obscene pictures in his possession; John F. Day, Frederick Degges, Henry Clay Moran and Theodore Pollard, non-support; William Stewart, second offense of keeping a bawdy house.

CALLS FEE-SPLITTING THEFT.

Dr. Haggard Tells College of Surgeons It Is Criminal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 22 .- The secret division of fees between physicians and surgeons is "criminal dishonesty," said Dr. William D. Haggard of Nashville, Tenn., in an address yesterday before the American College of Surgeons, which is holding its convention here.
"Fee-splitting," he said, "is criminal

because it leads to unnecessary tions, to incompetent work resulting in tions, to incompetent work resulting it unnecessary death and to a constan lowering of the moral and professiona standards in medicine. The practice has all through it the element of theft."

Presents Come From China to Mr. Wilson's Grandchildren

Little marble idols, used in China to scare demons away from children, were presented today to Baby Sayre and Baby McAdoo, grandchildren of President Wilson, by Rev. Charles Scott of the Presbyterian mis-

The President accepted the

IS NECESSARY EVIL

Midshipman Waddell Makes a Frank Admission Before "Cribbing" Board.

MUST GET ADVANCE TIPS, FOR STUDIES ARE SO HARD

Two Testify at Annapolis Hearing of Engaging in Surreptitious Expeditions to Get Information.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 22.-It was general practice among Naval Academy midshipmen to enter surreptitiously the marine engineering department to obtain information as to their marks on recitations and examinations, according to the testimony today of matters without being hampered by Midshipmen James E. Waddell and C. the worries of litigation growing out M. Reagle of the former third class.

They were called before the court of inquiry which is investigating irreguarities in examination papers, because in such expeditions.

Waddell and Reagle said they had gotten into the engineering department by themselves several times, and The battle now is raging for the possession of the Galician metropolis and Its fall is expected within a day or two at the latest. Gen. von Mackensen's mended for dismissal.

The purpose of obtaining advance information of the properties of the possession of the Galician metropolis and R. M. Nelson, an honor man of the graduating class, who has been recommended for dismissal.

The purpose of obtaining advance information of the possession of the Galician metropolis and R. M. Nelson, and honor man of the graduating class, who has been recommended for dismissal.

'Wooden' Section Treated Unfairly Waddell said that a man who gets nto the "wooden" or low mark section has a hard time to keep his head above in that section were not fairly marked The "dope" system, that of getting advance information, was bad. Waddell said, but the course of studies at the academy was so hard that the average man had to have "dope" to get through. He had sat up late at night studying mathematics and then failed on the examination.

man had to have "dope" to get through. He had sat up late at night studying mathematics and then falled on the examination.

Regrets to Incriminate Classmates.

Manifesting deep feeling that he was compelled to testify in such a manner as to incriminate former classmates, Ensign Ivan M. Graham. who recently graduated, yesterday afternoon related a conversation he had last week with Midshipman J. E. Waddell aboard one of the ships of the practice squadron at anchor off Annapolis. Graham said Waddell told him that he (Waddell) knew of lots of things that had been "pulled off" during the last year by Ralph McK. Nelson of New York, a "star" man of the first class, who is one of the seven midshipmen recommended for dismissal by Supt. Fullam. Nelson on one occasion had asked Waddell, according to the story Graham said he was told, how to get in a window of the steam building and secure time the two men were in the same building and Nelson showed him advance examination ratings, together with two slips of paper containing subjects to be given for a day's work in classroom.

Men Refused to Resign. Bukowina under Gens. Pflanzer and as to incriminate former classmates, Baltin were forced to withstand a Ensign Ivan M. Graham, who recently

Men Refused to Resign.

Later Graham conferred with Ensign ichard R. Adams, the class president, in regard to asking the guilty parties to resign. He said Adams took up the matter, but the accused men refused him he was reluctant to testify before the court of inquiry because he knew Nelson "would get him." especially as Nelson "had some things on him." Graham afterward toll Waddell the matter was one that ought to be successor to Edgar S. Martin, former the successor to Edgar S. Martin, former to look down his own neck.

Graham afterward told Waddell the matter was one that ought to be cleaned up, and that he had related the story to Lieut. W. W. Turner, one of the officers on the battleship Missouri.

Ensign E. B. Hough, who was made a defendant after the court had begun its investigation, was further implicated by the testimony given by Graham, who later mentioned three more of his classmates, Ensigns Overesch, King and Barnett, as having had dealings with Nelson. Waddell also had told him, Graham said, that Moss had nearly a whole examination in calculus on one occasion which, he said, he received through the mail. Moss is the youth who claimed to have received through the mail from an anonymous source papers which the academy australiant and the selection of the successor to Edgar S. Martin, former supervisor of playgrounds.

The Commissioner stated this morning that Mr. Martin's successor will be named by the middle of July. That the bathing beach office will be playgrounds department is extremely probable, he said. At the present time Daniel J. Donovan, deputy auditor, is filling both positions of playgrounds supervisor of playgrounds.

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Lieut. Turner's Testimony.

Lieut. W. W. Turner, who preceded Ensign Graham on the stand, testified to having advised the ensign to come forward and tell what he knew, and that he, himself, had decided personally to report the matter to the authorities.

Midshipman John B. Heffernan testi-Midshipman John B. Heffernan testified as to the very general report at the academy that Nelson had been getting examination papers throughout the whole year. The witness had been advised by Midshipman W. D. Jones that if he wanted to stop Nelson from interfering with him in petty ways, to threaten to report Nelson for the "dope" he was getting for the fourth-class men he was coaching.

Counsel for the defendants, while cross-examining Hefferman, brought out that not only had there been personal ill will between Heffernan and Nelson, but that serious disagreements had arisen between the first and second classes during the past year.

Witnesses Kept in Seclusion.

Midshipmen Waddell and Charles M. Reigle, who were mentioned in testi mony as men who had been with Nelon at various times when trips were amination papers or to see what mark he had made, are being kept secluded from all other witnesses. They were

from all other witnesses. They were marched to the building where the inquiry is being held, each under guard of an ensign, and kept separated from each other.

The reason for these extraopilinary precautions was touched upon in the testimony of Ensign Graham, who told of being informed, since the witnesses reached the court building, that Midshipman Nelson had made an effort to talk with Mishipman Reigle, and when Reigle's guard, Ensign Lusk, arrived in time to break up this conversation, Nelson was saying to Reigle something about testimony.

Montreal for Leith, Scotland, was sunk by gunfire from a German submarine June 21 at a point forty miles north of Kinnairds Head.

Eleven members of her crew were saved. Thirteen are as yet unaccounted for.

MONTREAL, June 22.—The Carisbrook left here June 10 carrying a carbook left here June 10 carbook left here June 10 carrying a carbook left here June 10 carbook left here June 10

THREE TURKISH SHIPS SUNK BY THE RUSSIANS

PETROGRAD, June 22.—It is officially nounced that Russian submarines have sunk a large steamer and two sailing vessels belonging to the Turks in the Black sea between Eregli (a seaport 120 miles east of the Bosporus) and Kefken Island (sixty miles west of Eregli).

FIFTEEN MONKS ACCUSED OF AIDING AUSTRIANS

BRESCIA, Italy, June 22 .- The mill. monks in a monastery near here. They are accused of maintaining unpatriotic relations with Austria. The monastery has been closed and the monks will be put on trial.

SAYS DOPE SYSTEM MR. NEWMAN'S DESK LADEN WITH ROSES

Friends Congratulate District Commissioner Upon His Victory in Court.

RESIDENTS OF PARK VIEW PRESENT RESOLUTIONS

Important Business Pressing Upon the Board's Attention-Soon to Appoint Playgrounds Head.

With a big lot of important work ahead and feeling in a mood to tackle it, Commissioner Oliver P. Newman was at his office early today, free for the first time in two years to give his undivided attention to District of the long and unsuccessful fight made to oust him from office.

Unequivocal denial was given by the Commissioner to a report that ill of testimony given yesterday to the health would cause him to tender his effect that they had admitted engaging resignation in the near future as a District official. Illness last spring is believed to have been responsible for the rumor.

From the time that he was joined at luncheon at the Willard Hotel yesterday by District officials and friends who were eager to be among the first to extend congratulations over the deformation on marks, it was testified, cision of the Supreme Court sustaining was to enable a midshipman who was behind to study up.

Commissioner. Mr. Newman has been nmissioner, Mr. Newman has been kept busy receiving the felicitations of friends and a large number of citizens who sympathized with his cause.

Park View Citizens First.

The Park View Citizens' Association was the first civic body to express gratification over the decision. The executive committee of this association held a special meeting last night, adopted congratulatory resolutions and later called on Commissioner Newman

else but receive congratulations

over the telephone. over the telephone.

Work of much importance is ahead of the board of Commissioners, Preparation of the next annual estimates, establishment of a valuation upon local public utilities and consideration of rate questions are matters that will public questions are matters that will press for their attention during the

Follow Custom in Making Estimates. In preparing the District's next estimates the Commissioners will follow the custom inaugurated two years ago, that of asking citizens' associations to submit lists of improvements most desired in the sections which they repre-sent. They will visit every portion of the city before finally determining

sent. They will visit every portion of the city before finally determining upon the budget.

"Establishment of valuations upon the properties of the various local public service corporations probably will not be commenced until after the completion of the budget. The valuation bureau of the utilities commission expects to have completed its work by early fall, so that the commission probably will be in a position to give hearings on tentative valuations before Christmas. After the commission has determined the worth of the holdings of the several public service corporations it will begin consideration of the reasonableness of the rates maintained by these concerns. by these concerns.
The commission has about concluded the work of placing a valuation upon the properties of the local taxicab com-panies, and will likely begin a probe of axi rates within the next few weeks.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK; THIRTEEN MEN MISSING

LONDON, June 22.-The British teamer Carisbrook of Glasgow, from Montreal for Leith, Scotland, was sunk by gunfire from a German submarine

American Wounded at Front. OTTAWA, June 22 .- In a casualty st of the Canadian contingent issued here last night by the militia depart-

here last night by the milita depart-ment, Lieut. J. W. McDonald of Strat-ford, Ont., previously reported missing, is given as killed, and Lieut. George Andrew Metcalfe of Toronto, previous-ly reported killed, is now given as missing.

Milton Robert Nichols of Seattle, Wash., is among those reported dan-gerously wounded. gerously wounded. Undesired Publicity Divorce Cause.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., June 22.-Mrs. Mary Pipe has been granted a divorce from Harry D. Pipe on her allegation that she received undesired publicity that she received undesired publicity when her husband made his way into Buckingham Palace, London, England, several months ago. Pipe scaled the walls of Buckingham Palace and, eluding guards, entered the building, where he remained several hours before his presence was discovered. Pipe is still abroad. MAN WHO CAUSED THE GREAT WORLD WAR.



First and exclusive photograph of Wogo Tankosttach, who is alleged to have hatched the plot for the assassinution of the Austrian crown prince and his wife.. Austria named Tankositsch in her ultimatum to Serbia and demanded his extradiction to face trial on the charge of murder. It was this ultimatus that Serbia acceded to in all its clauses except the trial of Serbian officers in Austria. Tankositsch is now a major, and is in command of a commitage battalion in the Serbian army.

OUR VARIABLE WEATHER Fifteen or More Liquor Dealers Are

New Collar and Tie Fads for Ultra Young Males Spot Up Sun, Says Observing Maid.

That is the question which has been vorrying everybody except the cheerful ones, who refuse to worry about anything. The scientists and nearternate sun and rain performances to sun spots on Old Sol, while calm and sedate citizens, without any scientific other senses-and sense-have been laying the blame on Old Nick. But it remained for one enterprising young lady of this fair city, seen on

street this morning, to solve the problem. She knows not only that sun spots are to blame, she says, but just

trying to look down his own neck

Lord Byron Is Discounted.

"There!" she replied, triumphantly There was no mistaking it. Lord Byron in his palmiest days never knew the like. It adorned the manly neckor rather the aforesaid masculine neck adorned "it"—of an enterprising youth bent on keeping in style at all haz-

It was such a neck affair as sweet It was such a neck analtr as sweet young things of the feminine sex have been wearing lo these many years, now made over so a man could wear it and still not be absolutely ashamed of himself. It swept in graceful curves from the coat collar, over which it nestled, to an astonishingly low point of vantage over the heart of the wearer, and there it met itself in a cunning slip-knot sort of tie.

Resplendent Life-Saving Tie.

With a furtive inclination of his head, the wearer of the cute little collar ducked out of sight, but not before his life-saver tie was revealed in all its Twas a blue tie, ornamented and abetted with large white dots. It

few more of those collars and ties towing shame-faced wearers along the boulevard.

"The sun, you see," explained the young lady, "is spotting itself all up trying to look like one of those ties. And when it sees those collars it weeps. That is why it rains."

SOLVES THE PROBLEM OF INFORMATIONS AMENDED

Charged With Excise Law Violations. New information against fifteen or more liquor dealers in this city charged

with violation of the Jones-Works excise law are to be filed in the police court tomorrow. Assistant Corporation Counsel Ste phens, who is in charge of the prosecutions of the cases of proprietors of establishments charged with violating the law, although they have

icenses which were issued by the excise board of the District, stated today he is amending the former informations filed again these defendants and that he intends to place them on file

First Case Some Time Next Week. The change of the informations is

of minor importance, he said. It is expected the first case will be called for trial some time next week. Mr. Stephens, in company with Albert Shoemaker, attorney for the Anti-Saloon League, yesterday inspected a number of the places where the law is alleged to be violated, and it was following this inspection that Mr. Stephens began the changing of the informations. called for trial some time next week.

George Ormrod, Manufacturer, Dead. ALLENTOWN, Pa., June 22.-George Ormrod, anthracite coal operator, iron manufacturer and pioneer in the manufacture of Portland cement in the united States, died of angina pectoris in this city yesterday after an illness of a little over a day. He was seventy-six years old, and was born in Preston, England, coming to this courter in England, coming to this country

To Guard Mexican Catholic Interests ROME, June 21, via Paris.--Pope Benedict has instructed the apostolic delegate at Washington to look after Catholic interests in Mexico, there being no delegate from the Vatican now in that country.

Funeral of Gen. J. G. Chandler. LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 22 .- Fu-

neral services were held in this city today for Gen. John Gorham Chandler. and abetted with large white dots. It was a nineteenth century "polka dot" tie, such as our fathers knew, come to life.

As the young lady and her escort proceeded down the street they met a few more of those collars and ties few more of those collars and ties chandler resided in Los Angeles.

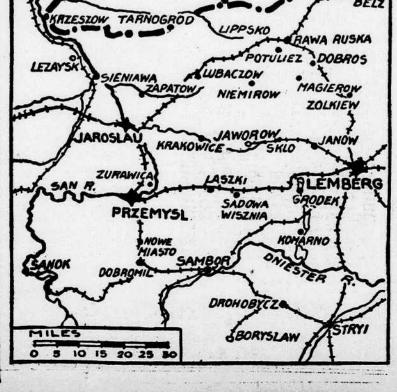
Will Cite Dangers of Fly.

Dr. S. S. Thompson is to give an ilustrated stereopticon lecture at Florida Avenue Baptist Church, Florida avenue between 6th and 7th streets northwest, It is said that no one can breathe on "How the House Fly Spreads Disat a greater height than seven miles from the earth.

on "How the House Fly Spreads Disass," tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. The public is invited.

SCENE OF THE ATTACK ON LEMBERG.

TAMASZOW



POPE IS GUARDED IN DISCUSSING WAR

Tells La Liberte Correspondent His Work for Peace and Exchange of Prisoners.

FEELS LESS SECURE NOW THAT ITALY IS BATTLING

Declines to Discuss Atrocities Alleged Against Germans-Complains of Lack of Freedom.

PARIS, June 22.-La Liberte publishs an interview with Pope Benedict igned by Louis Lataple, a member of its staff, who was sent to Rome for the purpose of ascertaining the Pope's view on the various aspects of the European war. Pope Benedict is uoted as expressing horror at some of the developments of the war, but in he main the words of the Pope have to do with peace.

The interview began with an allusion by the pontiff to what the holy see had done in respect to the war. The pontiff had addressed a letter in favor of peace to the Catholic world. He had oposed a truce to the belligerents for the Christmastide. He had endeavored to obtain an exchange of prisoners un-fitted for military service and had had the good fortune to obtain in this respect an appreciable result. had written to Cardinals Lucon and Amette of Rheims and Paris, respect-ively, and to his consistorial address

M. Lataple quotes the Pope as saying:
"You desire that I should condemn every crime specifically, but each one of your accusations is accompanied by a reply on the part of the Germans and I am not able to institute here a continuous discussion, nor can I make continuous discussion, nor can I make investigations at this moment."

Under Pius X's Pontificate.

ius X," the Pope replied.

"Is it necessary to inquire as to whether the neutrality of Belgium has been violated?" asked the correspond-"That was under the pontificate of

"That was under the pontificate of Pius X," the Pope replied.

"Is it not known by all that many priests have been taken as hostages in Belgium and in France and shot?"

The Pope replied: "I have received from Austrian bishops the assurance that the Russian army also has taken hostages from among the Catholic priests, and that the Russians on one occasion pushed before them 1,500 Jews, so that they could advance behind this living barrier thus exposed to the bullets of the snemy. The Bishop of Cremona has informed me that the Italians have already taken eighteen Austrian priests as hostages.

"There are so many excesses that I have issued an admonition in my encyclical, declaring:

"It is permitted to no person, for whatever motive, to violate justice."

"The Germans," said M. Latapia, "have committed other violations."

To this the Pope replied: "The cardinal-secretary of state has received the representatives of seven Belgian congregations. They have declared that they are not able to cite a single case in their congregations protected especially by the Virgin or by some saint. We continue to be imperfectly informed upon this subject."

of Cremona has informed me that the litalians have already taken eighteen York, as well as consignments of gold, sent to American banks by way of the way of the litalians have already taken eighteen York, as well as consignments of gold, sent to American banks by way of the way of the litalians have already taken of the United States are being cyclical, declaring:

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"The Germans," said M. Lataple, "have committed other violations."

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The Germans," said M. Lataple, "have committed other violations."

The Germans reported that has received the representatives of seven Belgian congregations. They have declared that the representatives of seven Belgian to the United States are saint. We continue to be imperfectly and the burning of Louvain.

Burning of Louvain.

"And the burning of Louvain.

"And the burning of Louvain and the bombardment of churches?"

"The Germans reply that their troops have been fired upon," the Pope made and the semination of the continue to be imperfectly in formed upon this subject."

Burning of Louvain.

"And the burning of Louvain and the combardment of churches?"

"The Germans reply that their troops have been fired upon," the Pope made and the sum of the tower of the cathedral at Rheims. With reference being the cathedral at Rheims. With reference to Louvain I have already given orders to Louvain I have already given orders to counter that the following:

The committed that the intropped the proposed that the following:

The Germans reply that their troops have been fired upon," the Pope made and the sum of the feel to the fact that no food is being shipped out of Mexico from Yilla's territory and that, on the contrary, granteful for the assistance the Red Counter of the following:

The Germans reply that their troops have been fired upon, "the Pope made and the proposition of the recent French that the following:

The Germans reply that the banks o

in my heart."

The Pope struck his breast and added:

"But the hour has not yet come to
disentangle the truth from all the contradictory assertions which surround
it. The Vatican is not a court. We do not give judgment; the judge is on high."

"At least one can protest against the "At least one can protest against the arrest of a prince of the church," ventured the correspondent.

"I shall surprise you; Cardinal Mercier (Archbishop of Malines) has never been arrested," replied the Pope. "He can go about his diocese as he pleases. I have received from Gen. von Bissing, the governor of Belgium, a letter assuring me that he would repress hereafter with the utmost energy all acts of violence against churches and against the ministers of God."

Sinking of Lusitania.

The Pope then referred to the sinking of the Lusitania, and is quoted by the correspondent as saying: "I do not know of a more frightful transaction. What grief to see our transaction. What grief to see our generation the prey of such horrors!

I have the heart of a father, and this heart has been torn. But what do you think of the blockade which constricts two empires, which condemns to famine millions of innocents? Is that inspired also by feelings entirely humane?"

The Pope continued: "I do not say that after the war I will not proclaim syllabus, recalling and summing up the doctrines of the church on this subject and regulating for the future the rights and duties of belligerents. Then one will find, without doubt, the formal condemnation of crimes which will have been committed

British Warning to Citizens.

Of particular interest to Washington officials was the announcement from out doubt, the formal condemnation of crimes which will have been committed during the war."

It was pointed out to the pontiff that France regretted to see that the Pope had endeavored to prevent Italy from participating in the war, and the question was asked if this was not favoring the plans of German diplomacy.

instructions along this line. We wanted peace, first, because I am the representative of God on earth. God wishes that there be peace among men. A Pope can want and preach only peace, and, furthermore, because we are in Italy, and we wanted to have this country, which we love, saved the suffering of war."

There was a suggestion of tears in the eyes of the pontiff as he said this. The interviewer then mentioned the effect of the war on the holy see—whether the Pope was free and whether, under the law of guarantees, his holiness could exercise freely and completely his mission in the world.

The Pope replied that there was no need of concealing that the interests of the holy see had been considered, and added:

added:
"The state of war puts these interests in danger. We are at the present time in an uncertain situation. I must recognize that the Italian government is giving us some proofs of its good intentions. Our relations are improved, but conditions are as yet not to our entire satisfaction. For example, could they not let me keep my guards intact? I need to guarantee the material security of my person and of the artistic treasures which surround me. They took twenty of my and of the artistic treasures which sur-round me. They took twenty of my guards, several officers and others whom I cannot readily replace. The Noble Guards were mobilized, but that amounted to very little, besides the grave inconvenience of not being able to communicate with my faithful.

might have been accused of indiscretions touching military matters. I refused this offer.

"I was promised freedom of correspondence uncontrolled by the censor, but my secretary of state brought me this morning a letter from the patriarch of Venice with the seals broken. At the tribunal of penitence, which deals only with private affairs concerning the fathful who submit to us cases of indivdual conscience, several letters have been raceived opened. "We no longer hear anything save the sound of the bell. Reports with nations enemy to Italy are suppressed; the representatives accredited to us have had to leave Rome. Our guarantees and our means are by so much weakened.

"We have faith in the present government, but we tremble to see ourselves exposed to the uncertainties of public life in Italy.

"Rome is a furnace in perpetual ferment. Would you say it were absurd in these last days to fear a day of revolution? What will tomorrow bring; how would they behave in victory?

how would the people receive defeat how would they behave in victory? Feels Less Protected.

"Every movement of this neople-the "Every movement of this people—the most impressionable of the earth—has its reflex here. And we feel ourselves less protected today.

"Do you now understand why we opposed with all our force the rupture of Italian neutrality?"

The Pope closed his eyes, and seemed to dream an instant. Then he said in deep tones: "The future is dark."

"Does your holiness expect to take any initiative to promote peace?"

To this the Pope replied:

"The hour does not seem to me to have come. I should not act save with

"The hour does not seem to me to have come. I should not act save with the fullest knowledge, lest I weaken the moral authority which I hold of God and which I must employ to bring peace again among men. But I shall seek the opportunity; I shall seize the first hand outstretched."

MEXICO PROMISES TO CURB YAQUIS

(Continued from First Page.)

he wires were cut beyond Otumba, he d, presumably by Zapata raiders.

imba is on the Mexican railway

out twenty-five miles from Mexico

officials thought it possible this might mean that the Zapata troops in Mexico
City had withdrawn and that a raiding force might be operating between
Gen. Gonzales and Vera Cruz. Mr. Silliman did not say what Carranga officials at the latter place thought of
the situation.

nciais at the latter place thought of the situation.

A mob clamored for food at Monclova when the Red Cross supplies were being distributed yesterday, according to a telegram to the United States Red Cross today from J. C. Weller, its agent there. Weller said that the distress was the greatest here there. Weller said that the distress was the greatest he had ever seen; that the work of handling the crowds is now proceeding in an orderly way, and that on the first day of the distribution of the food 6,000 people were taken care of.

Ship Food and Gold.

Notwithstanding the cry of famine in Mexico, today's dispatches report consignments of beans and other foods as coming from Vera Cruz to New

Gen. Huerta in New York.

Contrary to reports from the border that Gen. Huerta has left New York and is on the border, it is said today that he is still in New York and has been seen there. It is said that he is disinclined to go to the border, where undoubtedly some person who has been injured by him one through him would welcome the opportunity to "get even" with him while he is not surrounded by soldiers, as he was when he was dictator of Mexico.

Amnesty to Common Troopers.

At the Carranza agency today copies of an amnesty decree to all common troopers, issued by Gen. Obregon, with the approval of Gen. Carranza, were received. The decree recites that the common troopers are irresponsible, be-cause of their ignorance, for following cause of their ignorance, for following enemies of the Carranza cause, and offers to each full guarantees and 100 pesos if he delivers his horse, arms, saddle and ammunition, and 50 pesos if he only surrenders his arms. Such troopers also will have free transportation to their homes over the Carranza-controlled railways.

It was reported that friends of Gen. Carranza in the United States had undertaken to dissuade him from his evidents.

Of particular interest to Washington choice of the President, no criticism has officials was the announcement from condon last evening of the warning It was pointed out to the pontiff that France regretted to see that the Pope had endeavored to prevent Italy from participating in the war, and the question was asked if this was not favoring the plans of German diplomacy.

Vatican Neutral.

"I recognize clearly that we are neutral," the pontiff replied. "We have given instructions along this line. We wanted neace, first, because I am the representations are likely and the subject.

issued by Sir Edward Grey, secretary for foreign affairs, to British subjects against visiting Mexico unless absorbed against vis ssued by Sir Edward Grey, secretary

MRS. ROBERT CRAIG DEAD.

Leaves Five Sons and One Daughter. Funeral Set for Tomorrow.

Mrs. Robert Craig, sixty-three year old, wife of Lieut. Col. Robert Craig, U. S. A., died yesterday at the family residence, 1822 I street northwest, following an illness of several months. Funeral services are to be held at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the home. Interment is to be private.

Mrs. Craig was a daughter of the late David W. Mahon, auditor for the late David W. Mahon, auditor for the Ireasury Department. She had lived in this city practically all her life. She leaves, in addition to her husband, five sons—Donald Craig of this city, D. M. Craig of Pittsburgh, Robert G. Craig of Chicago, Allen Craig of Wilmington, Del., and Alexander M. Craig of New York city—and one daughter, Mrs. Harold Williams, jr., of Brookline, Mass. U. S. A., died yesterday at the family

Raccoon Cure for Rheumatiz. From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Harry Parker, a resident of Alton has gone to the country near to Alton Refused Cipher Offer.

"The government offered the free use of cipher to the representatives of the powers accredited to us, but under the country and responsibility of the holy that has too described. We have the country the started a diet of wild animal flesh and was cured. He again is suffering and will try the cure that brought him relief before, for eight weeks and will live on the

DUNKIRK SHELLED AGAIN BY TEUTONS

Several Civilians Killed in Long-Range Attack From Inland.

FEARFUL LOSSES IN **WESTERN BATTLES**

French Continue Successes at Heavy Price-Terrible Struggle Rages Near Arras.

LONDON, June 22.-Dunkirk has gain been bombarded, and several civilians killed, according to the latest rench official statement. Long-range artillery, located inland, was used by the Germans in last night's effort, and since that delivered several weeks ago when it was at first supposed that Dunkirk was being shelled by German

The fighting in the western arens is of intense character, and the fact that the Belgians as well as the French and British, are in action a greater part of each day indicates that he battle extends over almost the entire line running from Flanders to the lower line where the French and British are in contact on French soil.

Belgians Capture Trench.

Belgian troops have captured crench from the enemy southwest of St. George, according to the French statement, and all defenders were

either killed or captured. The engagement in the vicinity of Arras is particularly vicious, it is said, the Germans, following a prolonged artillery attack, advancing at many points. All of these attempts to storm the French lines failed, with the exception of one instance, where, at the southeast of Souchez, they gained a southeast of Southez, they gained a footing in a section of a trench. Germans suffered heavy losses in the region of the labyrinth, it is reported from Paris.

Germans have again resorted to the second applying the second section of the second sec use of asphyxiating gases, it is de-clared, an advance in the region of Guennevieres having been marked by this means of attack.

Hard Fighting in Lorraine.

In regard to the fighting in Lorraine raine we have as a result of a fresh our former positions on the eastern north of Remabois: repulsed easily a counter attack which began at Lein-

the usual care to the wounded.

"Soldiers write that from Arras to Souchez (about eight miles) the field is covered with corpses, and that the odor is unbearable.

"Reports from neutral sources declare that the battle raging near Arras may decide the fate of France. Both sides fight with unheard of courage and heroism. The French are very strong. The Germans continually receive reinforcements. The losses on both sides are fearful."

NO PROTESTS RECEIVED AGAINST MR. LANSING

Only Possible Objection Held to Be His Lack of Active Service for

Democracy.

Cabinet officers who are extremely friendly to the appointment of Robert Lansing as Secretary of State have felt only one misgiving about the selection-the opinion prominent organization democrats may have and the criticism they may indulge in because some man conspicuous in the service of the party is not selected. Although it has been believed for some days that Mr. Lansing was virtually the been received from any direction. Democrats generally, it is believed, are so fully in accord with the President that they recognize it to be his duty to choose the best-fitted man for the problems that now confront the administration rather than make the choice from political motives. Mr. Lansing never has been active as a democrat and his political rating has been that

and his political rating has been that of an independent with democratic leanings.

President Wilson himself today said he had not made up his mind, but it is known that he has a very high regard for Mr. Lansing and the opinion is growing that the appointment is practically settled.

